

Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement

Important Notice: The Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement provides additional information about the terms and conditions of loans you receive under the Federal Stafford Loan Master Promissory Note (MPN). Please keep a copy of this statement because it applies to present and subsequent loans received under the MPN. You may contact your lender at any time for another copy of this statement.

The following types of loans are currently available under the Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP):

- Subsidized Federal Stafford Loan,
- Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan,
- Federal PLUS Loan,
- Federal Consolidation Loan.

The FFELP is authorized by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

I must complete a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) before I receive a subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan.

1. Governing Law – Loans disbursed under this MPN are subject to the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.) and applicable U.S. Department of Education regulations (collectively referred to as the "Act"). **NOTE: Any change to the Act applies to loans in accordance with the effective date of the change.**

2. Use of This MPN – I may receive more than one loan under this MPN over a period not to exceed 10 years. I may receive loans under this MPN from the original lender or from a lender who assumes the right to offer loans under this MPN, even if I change schools and even if the guarantor changes. I may request in writing that no further loans be disbursed under my MPN. If I wish to use a new lender, I must sign a new MPN. I must also sign a new MPN before receiving a new loan if requested to do so by my lender.

3. Subsidized and Unsubsidized Loans – There are two types of Federal Stafford Loans that I may be eligible for under this MPN: subsidized and unsubsidized. The subsidized Federal Stafford Loan is based on need. If I qualify, the government pays the lender the interest due on my subsidized loans while I am in school at least half time and during grace and deferment periods ("lender" refers to the original lender and its successors, including any subsequent holder of this MPN). I am otherwise responsible for interest that accrues on my subsidized loan. The unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan is not based on need. I am responsible for all interest that accrues on my unsubsidized loans.

4. Loan Limits – The charts on this page show the maximum Stafford Loan amounts (subsidized and unsubsidized) that I may borrow under the FFELP and the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan (Direct Loan) Program combined for a single academic year (annual loan limits) and the maximum amounts I may borrow in total for undergraduate and graduate study (aggregate loan limits). The annual and aggregate loan limits for independent undergraduates also apply to dependent undergraduates whose parents are unable to borrow under the PLUS program. If I am enrolled in certain health professions programs, I may qualify for higher annual and aggregate loan limits on unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans.

The actual loan amount I receive for an academic year may be less than the annual loan limits shown in the Federal Stafford Loan Annual Limits chart and will be determined by my school, based on my academic level (freshman, sophomore, etc.), dependency status, and other factors, such as:

- The length of the program or the remaining portion of the program in which I am enrolled, if it is less than a

full academic year;

- My cost of attendance;
- My expected family contribution;
- Other financial aid I receive;
- My remaining eligibility under the annual and aggregate loan limits; and
- Other provisions authorized by the Act.

If I am an undergraduate student, my school must determine my eligibility for a Federal Pell Grant before I receive a Federal Stafford Loan. My school must determine my eligibility for a subsidized Federal Stafford Loan before determining my eligibility for an unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan. If I do not qualify for a subsidized Federal Stafford Loan, I may receive up to the maximum annual loan limit in an unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan.

If I have received federal student loans from more than one lender or from other federal student loan programs, I am responsible for informing my school and my lender(s) of my other student loans. In some cases, I may not be eligible for loans for which I have applied.

Federal Stafford Loan Annual Limits	
Dependent Undergraduates (except students whose parents are unable to borrow a PLUS loan)	
First Year Total (maximum \$3,500 subsidized)	\$5,500
Second Year Total (maximum \$4,500 subsidized)	\$6,500
Third Year and Beyond Total (each year) (maximum \$5,500 subsidized)	\$7,500
Independent Undergraduates (and dependent undergraduates whose parents are unable to borrow a PLUS loan)	
First Year Total (maximum \$3,500 subsidized)	\$9,500
Second Year Total (maximum \$4,500 subsidized)	\$10,500
Third Year and Beyond Total (each year) (maximum \$5,500 subsidized)	\$12,500
Graduate and Professional Students	
Total Amount (each year) (maximum \$8,500 subsidized)	\$20,500

Federal Stafford Loan Aggregate Limits	
Dependent Undergraduates (except students whose parents are unable to borrow a PLUS loan)	
Total Amount Cumulative (maximum \$23,000 subsidized)	\$31,000
Independent Undergraduates (and dependent undergraduates whose parents are unable to borrow a PLUS loan)	
Total Amount Cumulative (maximum \$23,000 subsidized)	\$57,500
Graduate and Professional Students	
Total Amount Cumulative (maximum \$65,500 subsidized; includes Stafford Loans received for undergraduate study)	\$138,500

5. Use of Loan Money – I must use the loan money for authorized educational costs incurred for attendance at the school that certified my eligibility for the time period shown on my disclosure statement. Authorized costs include the following:

- Tuition,
- Room,
- Board,
- School fees,
- Books,
- Supplies,
- Equipment,
- Dependent child care,
- Transportation,
- Commuting costs,
- Rental or purchase of a personal computer,
- Origination fee and federal default fee, and/or
- Other documented, authorized costs.

6. Loan Fees – I may be charged an origination fee and/or a federal default fee for each loan made under this MPN. Neither fee may exceed the rate specified in the Act. If I am charged these fees, they will be deducted proportionately from each disbursement.

7. Disbursement of Loan Money – My loan money will be disbursed to the school by electronic funds transfer (EFT), master check (one check covering multiple students), or individual check. If my loan money is disbursed by individual check, the check will be sent to the school and may be copayable to me and the school or payable to me.

Generally, my loan money will be disbursed in multiple installments based on the academic terms at my school. If my school does not have academic terms or does not have academic terms that meet certain requirements, my loan money will generally be disbursed in at least two installments, one at the beginning and one at the midpoint of my enrollment period for the applicable loan.

If my loan money exceeds the amount owed to the school, my school will forward the remainder of my loan money to me, unless I authorize the school to hold the remainder as a credit balance.

If I am enrolled in a study-abroad program through a school in the U.S. (home school), the loan money will be disbursed to my home school or, if I request, directly to me. I may provide the home school a written authorization designating an individual not affiliated with the home school as my power-of-attorney to negotiate any loan disbursements on my behalf.

If I am enrolled in a foreign school, my loan money will be disbursed to the foreign school or, if the foreign school requests, directly to me.

If this is my first Stafford Loan under either the FFELP or the Federal Direct Loan Program, I must receive entrance counseling before my school delivers the first disbursement of my subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan.

8. Change of Status – I must notify my school and/or lender or any subsequent holder of my loan(s) of certain changes.

I must notify my school's financial aid office if any of the following occurs:

- I reduce my enrollment status to less than half time,
- I withdraw from school,
- I stop attending classes,
- I do not re-enroll for any term,
- I have a change in my expected graduation date, and/or
- I change my name, local address, permanent address, or e-mail address.

Shortly before my enrollment ends, I must participate in exit counseling with my school, during which I will update my loan records about my:

- Permanent address,
- E-mail address,
- Telephone number,
- Future employer, and
- References.

I must notify the lender of a particular loan if I do not enroll with respect to such loan:

- At least half time for the loan period certified, or
- At the school that certified my eligibility.

I must notify my lender or any subsequent holder of my loan(s) if any of the following occurs before my loan(s) is repaid:

- I change my address, telephone number, or e-mail address,
- I change my name (for example, maiden name to married name),
- I withdraw from school or begin attending less than half time,
- I transfer to another school,
- I change my employer or my employer's address or telephone number changes, and/or
- I have any other change in status that would affect my loan (for example, the loss of eligibility for an unemployment deferment by obtaining a job).

9. Effect of Federal Loans on Other Student Aid – Receipt of a Federal Stafford Loan may affect my eligibility for other financial aid. Therefore, it may be beneficial to contact my school to discuss other types of student assistance that may be available.

10. Grace Period – I will receive a 6-month grace period before the first payment of my Federal Stafford Loan must be made. The grace period begins the day after I cease to be enrolled at least half time at an eligible school.

My grace period does not include any period of up to 3 years during which I am called or ordered to active duty for more than 30 days from a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States, including the period necessary for me to resume enrollment at the next available regular enrollment period.

11. Interest Rates – The interest rate on a Federal Stafford Loan (subsidized or unsubsidized) will be a fixed rate. Different fixed interest rates may apply to separate loans made under this MPN depending on whether the loan is subsidized or unsubsidized, when the loan is first disbursed, and whether I am an undergraduate or graduate student. The actual interest rate applicable to each of my loans will be disclosed to me. After reviewing the actual interest rate, I may cancel or reduce any loan obtained under this MPN

in accordance with the "Loan Cancellation" section of this Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement. If I qualify under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, the interest rate on my loans obtained prior to military service may be limited to 6% during my military service. To receive this benefit, I must contact my loan holder for information about the documentation I must provide to show that I qualify.

12. Payment of Interest – I am responsible for payment of all interest that accrues on the unpaid principal amount of my Federal Stafford Loan(s) from the date of disbursement until the loan(s) is paid in full, except for interest on my subsidized Federal Stafford Loan(s) the government pays on my behalf while I am in school at least half time, for up to 3 years during active-duty service in the Armed Forces as described in the "Grace Period" section of this Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement, during the grace period after I leave school, during any period of authorized deferment, or (effective July 1, 2009) for a limited period during income-based repayment if I choose that plan and am eligible for that plan.

My lender will, during the in-school, grace, and deferment periods and during any periods in which I am on active-duty military service, defer and align principal payments on my subsidized and unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans.

Interest that accrues on all my subsidized FFELP loans during authorized forbearance periods, and on all my unsubsidized FFELP loans during periods when I am not making regularly scheduled payments (for example, during deferment) may, unless precluded by the Act, be capitalized (added to the principal of my loans) — unless I pay the interest as it accrues. If I inform my lender that I wish to pay interest as it accrues (for example, during an in-school deferment), but I do not submit the payments, my lender may capitalize that interest. Capitalized interest increases the principal balance of my loan(s) and the total amount of interest I must pay.

Interest will be capitalized on my loan(s) as provided under the Act. Generally, capitalization may occur no more frequently than quarterly. However, interest that accrues on my unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan(s) during in-school, grace, or deferment periods may only be capitalized at the end of such periods. In addition, interest may not be capitalized if my lender grants an administrative forbearance for up to 60 days in order to collect and process documentation supporting my request for a deferment, forbearance, change in repayment plan, or consolidation. See the "Interest Capitalization" section of this Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement for further information on capitalization.

The charts entitled "Repaying Your Loans" at the end of the Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement allow me to estimate the cost of capitalization and the effect it will have on my monthly payments. If my loan amount is not shown on the charts, I understand I must add two or more amounts together to estimate more closely my monthly interest and my monthly payment.

I may be able to claim a federal income tax deduction for interest payments I make on my FFELP loans. For further information, I may refer to IRS Publication 970, available at <http://www.irs.gov>.

13. Interest Capitalization – Capitalization is a process whereby a lender adds unpaid interest to the principal balance of a loan.

If I do not pay the interest that is due on my Federal Stafford Loan(s) as described in the "Subsidized and Unsubsidized Loans" section of this Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities Statement, my lender may capitalize that interest as provided under the Act.

The principal balance of my loan(s) will increase each time my lender capitalizes unpaid interest. As a result, I will pay more interest over the life of my loan(s) than if I paid the interest as it accrued, and my monthly payment amount may be higher or more monthly payments may be required.

I should contact my lender if I have any questions or need more information.

The chart below compares the monthly payments that result for subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loans in forbearance status when the borrower pays accrued interest and when the interest is capitalized. This example uses a fixed interest rate of 6.8% and an outstanding loan balance of \$15,000. The interest capitalized in this example is based on capitalization at the end of a 12-month forbearance period and is an estimate only. Actual interest capitalized for a period of forbearance will depend on the frequency of capitalization. The final payment may be more or less than the calculated monthly payment. In this example, I would pay \$11 less per month and \$389 less over the lifetime of my loans when I pay the interest as it is charged during a 12-month forbearance period.

	When I pay accrued interest	When I don't pay accrued interest and it is capitalized
Loan principal	\$15,000	\$15,000
Interest for 12 months (at an interest rate of 6.8%)	\$1,020 (paid as accrued)	\$1,020 (unpaid and capitalized)
Principal to be repaid	\$15,000	\$16,020
Monthly payment amount (standard repayment plan)	\$173	\$184
Number of payments	120	120
Total amount repaid	\$21,734	\$22,123

14. Loan Cancellation – I understand that the terms of a full or partial loan cancellation depend on when I request the cancellation.

- At any time before my loan money is disbursed, I may decline all or part of my loan money by notifying my lender or the school. No origination fee, federal default fee, or interest will be charged on the loan amount that I decline.
- If my school receives the money by EFT or master check and has obtained my written confirmation of the types and amounts of federal student loans that I want to receive before crediting the loan funds to my account, I may cancel all or a part of that loan by informing the school within 14 days after the date the school notifies me of my right to cancel the loan, or by the first day of the school's payment period, whichever is later. (My school can tell me the first day of the payment period.) If my school has not obtained

my written confirmation of the loans I want to receive, I may cancel all or a part of the loan by informing the school within 30 days of the date the school notifies me of my right to cancel the loan. If I cancel all or a portion of a loan as described in this paragraph, my school will return the cancelled amount to my lender, and the loan fees will be eliminated or reduced in proportion to the amount returned.

- At any time within 120 days of disbursement, I may pay back all or a part of my loan. The loan fees will be reduced or eliminated in proportion to the amount returned.

15. Repayment – All loans made under this MPN must be repaid.

The repayment period for each loan made under this MPN begins the day after my 6-month grace period on that loan ends. My lender will notify me of the date my first payment is due.

I am obligated to make payments on my loan(s) even if I do not receive a billing statement or repayment notice. My minimum annual payment required on all my FFELP loans will not, unless the lender otherwise agrees, be less than \$600, except during a portion of the repayment period as provided in a graduated or income-sensitive repayment plan, in an extended repayment plan with graduated payments, or in an income-based repayment plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, my minimum annual scheduled payments will not be less than the amount of interest due and payable, except as provided under an income-based repayment plan.

My repayment period for each loan generally lasts at least 5 years but may not exceed 10 years from the day after the grace period ends (except under an extended or income-based repayment plan). The maximum period for repaying a loan does not include periods of deferment or forbearance.

I will be given the opportunity to choose one of the following repayment plans:

- **Standard Repayment Plan** – If I choose this plan, I will make fixed monthly payments and repay my loan(s) in full within 10 years from the date the loan(s) entered repayment. Payments must be at least \$50 a month and will be more if necessary to repay the loan(s) within the required time period.
- **Graduated Repayment Plan** – If I choose this plan, I will usually make lower monthly payments at first, and my payments will increase over time. No single payment will be more than three times greater than any other payment. I will repay my loan(s) in full within 10 years from the date the loan(s) entered repayment.
- **Extended Repayment Plan** – If I choose this plan, I will make monthly payments based on fixed annual or graduated repayment amounts over a period not to exceed 25 years. If I make fixed payments, payments must be at least \$50 a month and will be more if necessary to repay the loan(s) within the required time period. I am only eligible for this plan if (i) at the time I obtain a loan under this MPN I have no outstanding balance on a FFELP loan made before October 7, 1998, and (ii) I accumulate outstanding FFELP loans exceeding \$30,000.
- **Income-Sensitive Repayment Plan** – If I choose this plan, my monthly payments will be adjusted annually, based on my expected total monthly gross income from all sources. I may call my lender at any time for more information about this repayment plan option.
- **Income-Based Repayment Plan** (effective July 1, 2009) – If I choose this plan, my required monthly

payment amount will be based on my income during any period when I have a partial financial hardship. My monthly payment amount may be adjusted annually. The maximum repayment period under this plan may exceed 10 years. If I choose this plan and meet certain requirements over a 25-year period, I may qualify for cancellation of any outstanding balance on my loans. I may contact my lender at any time for more information about this repayment plan.

Under each plan, the number or amount of the payments may need to be adjusted to reflect capitalized interest and/or new loans made to me.

These repayment plans will be explained in more detail during my exit counseling session. If I do not choose an income-sensitive, income-based, graduated, or extended repayment plan within 45 days after notification of my repayment choices, or if I choose an income-sensitive repayment plan but do not provide the required documentation within the lender-specified time frame, my lender will require that I repay the loan(s) under a standard repayment plan. If I choose an income-based repayment plan but do not provide the required documentation within the time frame specified by the lender, I will be required to repay the loan(s) under a schedule provided by the lender in accordance with the Act. I may change the repayment plan on my loan(s) once a year, except I may end an income-based repayment plan at any time to repay under the standard repayment plan.

There will be no penalty for prepaying any portion of my loan(s).

Except as provided by the Act for payments made under the income-based repayment plan, all payments and prepayments may be applied in the following order: late charges, fees, and collection costs authorized by the Act first, outstanding accrued interest second, and outstanding principal last.

If I do not make any part of an installment payment within 15 days after it becomes due, I may owe a late charge. This charge may not exceed six cents for each dollar of each late installment.

16. Sale or Transfer of Loan(s) – The lender may sell or otherwise transfer one or all of my loans without my consent. If ownership of a loan is transferred and the entity to which I must make payments changes, I will be notified of that entity's name, address and telephone number, the effective date of the sale or transfer, and the date when I must begin sending payments to that entity. Sale or transfer of my loan(s) does not affect my rights and responsibilities under such loan(s). If the lender sells my loan(s) to another originating lender, the lender may also transfer the right to offer subsequent loans under the MPN to such purchaser. I always have the right to terminate a lender's ability to make loans to me under this MPN by written notice to the lender that holds my MPN. The holder of my loan(s) can help me identify the lender that holds my MPN.

17. Loan Discharge – My loan(s) will be discharged if acceptable documentation of my death is submitted to my lender.

My loan(s) may also be discharged if I become totally and permanently disabled as defined by the Act and meet certain other requirements.

My loan(s) will not automatically be discharged in bankruptcy. To discharge a loan(s) in bankruptcy, I must prove undue hardship in an adversary proceeding before the bankruptcy court.

In certain cases, the Act provides for loan discharge if I could not complete a course of study because the school closed, if my loan eligibility was falsely certified by the school, or if a loan in my name was falsely certified as a result of a crime of identity theft. The Act also provides for loan discharge in the amount of any required refund that the school did not make to my loan holder on my behalf.

Neither the lender, the guarantor, nor the Department of Education vouches for the quality or suitability of the academic programs offered by participating schools. Unless I qualify for loan discharge under the Act, I must repay the loan(s) even if I do not complete the education paid for with the loan(s), am unable to obtain employment in the field of study for which the school provided training, or am dissatisfied with, or do not receive, the education paid for with the loan(s).

For additional information, I should contact my lender or guarantor.

18. Consequences of Default – Default is defined in detail in my MPN. If I default, the entire unpaid balance and collection fees on the applicable loan(s) will become immediately due and payable. Failure to repay any loan made under this MPN may result in any or all of the following:

- Loss of federal and state income tax refunds,
- Loss of other federal or state payments,
- Legal action against me,
- Collection charges (including attorney fees) assessed against me,
- Denial or loss of a professional license,
- An increase in my interest rate,
- Loss of eligibility for other student aid and assistance under most federal benefit programs,
- Loss of eligibility for loan deferments,
- Negative credit reports to consumer reporting agencies,
- Assignment of my loan to the Department, and/or
- My employer withholding part of my wages to give to my guarantor or the Department (administrative wage garnishment).

19. Consumer Reporting Agency Notification – Information concerning the amount, disbursement, and repayment status (current or delinquent) of my loan(s) will be reported by my lender to national consumer reporting agencies on a regular basis. My loan(s) will be identified as an education loan(s). If I default on any loan(s) made under this MPN, the default will also be reported by the guarantor to all national consumer reporting agencies. Before any guarantor reports such a default, it will give me at least 30 days notice that default information will be disclosed to the consumer reporting agencies unless I enter into a repayment arrangement within 30 days of the date on the notice. The guarantor will give me a chance to ask for a review of the debt(s) before the default is reported. My lender or guarantor, as applicable, must provide a timely response to a request from any consumer reporting agency regarding objections I might raise with that agency about the accuracy and completeness of information reported by the lender or guarantor.

20. Special Repayment Arrangements – A Federal Consolidation Loan Program is available under which I may consolidate federal education loans received from different lenders, the same lender, and/or under different federal education loan programs into one loan. Depending on the amount I borrow, this program may result in an extension of my repayment period. Consolidation permits multiple debts to be combined into one monthly payment. For additional information, I should contact my lender or guarantor.

I may consolidate my FFELP loan(s) into the Direct Loan Program to take advantage of the public service loan forgiveness program. This program provides for the cancellation of the remaining balance due on eligible Direct Loan Program loans after I have made 120 payments (after October 1, 2007) on those loans under certain repayment plans while employed in certain public service jobs.

I may also consolidate my FFELP loans first disbursed on or after October 1, 2008 (including Federal Consolidation Loans that repaid FFELP or Direct Loan Program loans first disbursed on or after October 1, 2008) into the Direct Loan Program to take advantage of the no accrual of interest benefit for active duty service members. No interest will be charged on the portion of my Direct Consolidation Loan that repaid FFELP or Direct Loan Program loans first disbursed on or after October 1, 2008 during periods of qualifying active duty military service (for up to 60 months).

The Act may provide for certain loan forgiveness or repayment benefits on my loans in addition to the benefits described in this MPN. If other forgiveness or repayment options become available, my loan holder will provide information about these benefits.

In addition, volunteers who complete service in an approved national or community service project can earn an educational award. The award can be used to repay a Federal Stafford Loan. If I receive an educational award, I am responsible for providing my lender with information and documentation regarding my term of service and the award.

Other agencies of the federal government may also offer student loan repayment programs as an incentive to recruit and retain employees. I should contact the agency's human resources department for more information.

Under certain circumstances, military personnel may have their federal education loan(s) repaid by the Secretary of Defense. I should address any questions to the local service recruiter. This is a recruiting program and does not pertain to prior service individuals or those not eligible for enlistment in the Armed Forces.

If I did not have an outstanding balance on a FFELP or Direct Loan Program loan on October 1, 1998, or if I did not have an outstanding balance on the date I obtained a loan after October 1, 1998, I may be eligible for teacher loan forgiveness. The Department of Education will repay a fixed amount of my subsidized and unsubsidized Federal Stafford loans if I have worked as a full-time teacher for five consecutive school years,

and if I meet all other eligibility requirements under the Act. If I am in default on a FFELP loan or a Direct loan, I am not eligible for forgiveness on that loan(s) unless I have made satisfactory repayment arrangements.

21. Deferments – Under certain circumstances, I have a right to defer (postpone) repayment. The types of deferments that are available to me generally depend on when I first obtained a FFELP loan. Upon request, my lender will provide me with information about the eligibility requirements for each deferment. If I am in default on a loan, I am not eligible for a deferment on that loan.

Deferment of repayment for loans made under this MPN is available while I am:

- Enrolled at least half time at an eligible school,
- Engaged in a full-time course of study in a graduate fellowship program,
- Engaged in a full-time rehabilitation training program for individuals with disabilities (if the program is approved by the Department of Education),
- Conscientiously seeking, but unable to find, full-time employment (for up to three years),
- Experiencing an economic hardship as determined by federal law (for up to three years),
- Serving on active duty during a war or other military operation or national emergency or performing qualifying National Guard duty during a war or other military operation or national emergency and, if I was serving on or after October 1, 2007, for an additional 180-day period following the demobilization date for my qualifying service, or
- If I am a member of the National Guard or other reserve component of the U.S. Armed Forces (current or retired) and I am called or ordered to active duty while I am enrolled at least half time at an eligible school or within 6 months of having been enrolled at least half time, a deferment is available during the 13 months following the conclusion of my active duty service, or until I return to enrolled student status on at least a half-time basis, whichever is earlier.

For in-school deferments, my lender will process the deferment based on (i) my request along with documentation verifying my eligibility, or (ii) the lender's receipt of a school certification of eligibility in connection with a new loan, or (iii) the lender's receipt of student status information indicating that I am enrolled on at least a half-time basis. If my lender processes a deferment based on (ii) or (iii), I will be notified of the deferment and will have the option of canceling the deferment and continuing to make payments on my loans.

For all other deferments, I must provide my lender with a deferment request (or, for a deferment based on active duty or qualifying National Guard duty during a war or other military operation or national emergency, a representative may request the deferment on my behalf). I must also provide information and documentation that establishes my eligibility, except in certain circumstances when my lender may establish my eligibility by confirming that I have received a deferment on another FFELP loan or on a Direct Loan.

NOTE: If at the time I obtain a loan under this MPN I have an outstanding balance on a FFELP loan disbursed before July 1, 1993, information on deferment conditions that apply will be found in my earlier promissory note materials.

22. Forbearance – If I am unable to make any scheduled loan payment(s), the lender may allow me to reduce my payment amount, to extend the time for making payments, or to temporarily stop making payments as long as I intend to repay my loan(s). Allowing me to temporarily delay or reduce loan payments is called a forbearance. Interest continues to accrue during a forbearance period.

The lender may grant me forbearance due to poor health or other acceptable reasons.

My lender is generally not required to grant a forbearance and may require me to provide my reasons for the request and other information.

The lender may grant me a forbearance to eliminate a delinquency that persists even though I am making scheduled installment payments. My lender may grant me an administrative forbearance for up to 60 days in order to collect and process documentation supporting my request for a deferment, forbearance, change in repayment plan, consolidation, or discharge.

Circumstances that require my lender to grant me a forbearance, if I provide appropriate documentation, include:

- Serving in a medical or dental internship or residency program, if I meet certain criteria.
- Serving in a national service position for which I receive a national service education award under the National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993. In some cases, the interest that accrues on a qualified loan during the service period will be paid by the Corporation for National and Community Service.
- Qualifying for partial repayment of my loans under the Student Loan Repayment Program, as administered by the Department of Defense.
- Qualifying for loan forgiveness under the Teacher Loan Forgiveness Program, if I meet certain criteria (for up to five years).
- Having a monthly debt burden for Title IV loans that collectively equals or exceeds 20% of my total monthly gross income (for up to three years).
- Being called to active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces.

For additional information, I should contact my lender.

Repayment information follows

Repaying Your Loans

Follow these steps to estimate your loan payment.

Step 1: Calculate Your Monthly Interest Charges

Round your Federal Stafford Loan balance up to the nearest \$500. If your loan amount is not on the table, follow the example below to estimate your monthly accrued interest.

Example:

Federal Stafford Loan of \$5,479 at 6.8% interest.
Round up to nearest \$500 = \$5,500.

$$\begin{array}{r} \$5,000 = \$28.33/\text{month} \\ + 500 = \quad 2.83/\text{month} \\ \hline \$5,500 = \$31.16/\text{month} \end{array}$$

Your monthly interest \$ _____.

Approximate Monthly Interest

Loan Amount	6.80%	6.00%	5.00%	4.00%	3.40%
\$ 500	\$ 2.83	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.08	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.42
\$ 1,000	\$ 5.67	\$ 5.00	\$ 4.17	\$ 3.33	\$ 2.83
\$ 3,000	\$ 17.00	\$ 15.00	\$ 12.50	\$ 10.00	\$ 8.50
\$ 5,000	\$ 28.33	\$ 25.00	\$ 20.83	\$ 16.67	\$ 14.17
\$ 6,000	\$ 34.00	\$ 30.00	\$ 25.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 17.00
\$ 7,000	\$ 39.67	\$ 35.00	\$ 29.17	\$ 23.33	\$ 19.83
\$ 9,000	\$ 51.00	\$ 45.00	\$ 37.50	\$ 30.00	\$ 25.50
\$10,000	\$ 56.67	\$ 50.00	\$ 41.67	\$ 33.34	\$ 28.34
\$15,000	\$ 85.00	\$ 75.00	\$ 62.50	\$ 50.00	\$ 42.50
\$20,000	\$113.33	\$100.00	\$ 83.33	\$ 66.67	\$ 56.67
\$25,000	\$141.67	\$125.00	\$104.17	\$ 83.33	\$ 70.83

Step 2: Estimate Your Capitalized Interest

Complete this step only if you will not pay accrued interest for which you are responsible on a Federal Stafford Loan. **This is an estimate only.** Actual interest capitalized will depend on factors such as disbursement dates, number of disbursements, and the frequency of capitalization.

	Monthly Interest (From Step One)		Number of Months in Deferment or Forbearance		Estimate of Capitalized Interest
Example	\$ 31.16	X	22	=	\$ 685.52
Your capitalized interest	\$ _____	X	_____	=	\$ _____

Step 3: Estimate Your Monthly Payment

Round your loan balance up to the nearest \$500. If your principal amount is not on the table, follow the example below to estimate your monthly payment. If you previously had interest capitalized, add it to the outstanding loan amount to get the new principal amount.

Example:

Federal Stafford Loan of \$6,185.52 (\$5,500 + \$685.52) at 6.8% interest.

Round up to nearest \$500 = \$6,500.

$$\begin{array}{r} \$6,000 = \$69.05/\text{month} \\ + 500 = \quad 5.75/\text{month} \\ \hline \$6,500 = \$74.80/\text{month} \end{array}$$

Estimated monthly payment = \$74.80

Note: Minimum monthly payment = \$50 or amount of interest accruing each month.

Estimated Monthly Payments (10-Year Term)

Loan Amount	6.80%	6.00%	5.00%	4.00%	3.40%
\$ 500	\$ 5.75	\$ 5.55	\$ 5.30	\$ 5.06	\$ 4.92
\$ 1,000	\$ 11.51	\$ 11.10	\$ 10.61	\$ 10.12	\$ 9.84
\$ 3,000	\$ 34.52	\$ 33.31	\$ 31.82	\$ 30.37	\$ 29.53
\$ 5,000	\$ 57.54	\$ 55.51	\$ 53.03	\$ 50.62	\$ 49.21
\$ 6,000	\$ 69.05	\$ 66.61	\$ 63.64	\$ 60.75	\$ 59.05
\$ 7,000	\$ 80.56	\$ 77.71	\$ 74.25	\$ 70.87	\$ 68.89
\$ 9,000	\$103.57	\$ 99.92	\$ 95.46	\$ 91.12	\$ 88.58
\$10,000	\$115.08	\$111.02	\$106.07	\$101.25	\$ 98.42
\$15,000	\$172.62	\$166.53	\$159.10	\$151.87	\$147.62
\$20,000	\$230.16	\$222.04	\$212.13	\$202.49	\$196.84
\$25,000	\$287.70	\$277.55	\$265.16	\$253.11	\$246.05

	Loan Amount		Estimate of Capitalized Interest (From Step Two)		New Principal Balance		Estimated Monthly Payment
Example	\$ 5,500	+	\$ 685.52	=	\$ 6,185.52		\$ 74.80
Your Monthly Payment	\$ _____	+	\$ _____	=	\$ _____		\$ _____